



Natural Language Processing-Based Extension of the Allotrope[®] Foundation Ontology

Alexander S. Behr, Norbert Kockmann

TU Dortmund University





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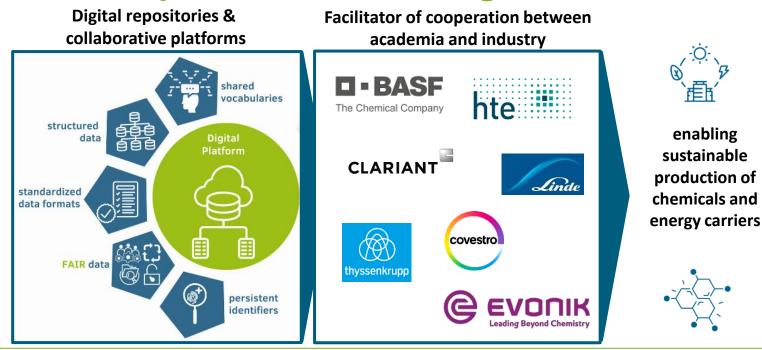








NFDI4Cat for Open Science and Digitalisation



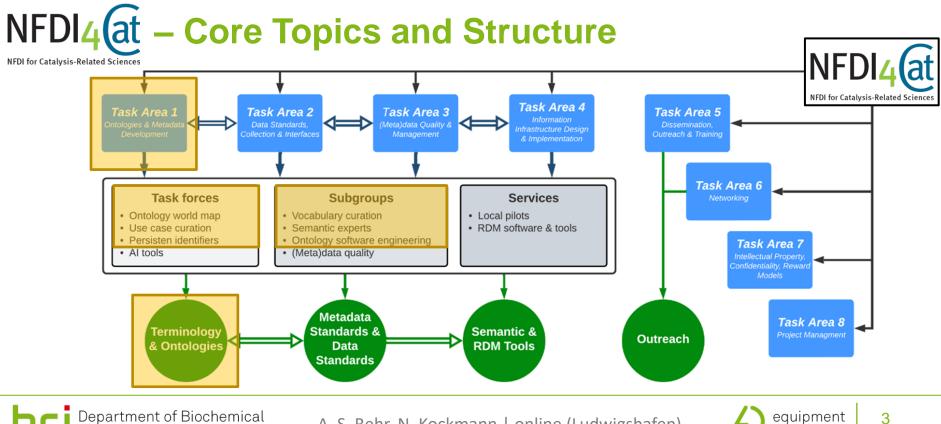
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design



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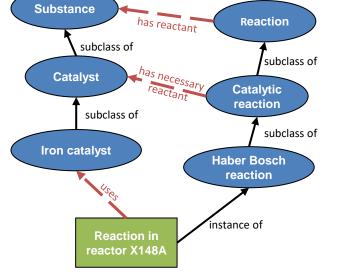




Ontologies – A simple example

- Ontologies consist of
 - Classes to express concepts
 - Relations between classes
 - Individuals representing real existing elements
 - Rules, like "Catalytic reactions need one or more catalyst"
- Information is stored in triplets
- Reasoning enhances data
 - "The reaction in reactor X148A uses an iron catalyst"
 - Inference yields: "The reaction in reactor X148A is a Haber-Bosch reaction which in turn is a catalytic reaction and uses iron catalyst as catalyst."

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equipment

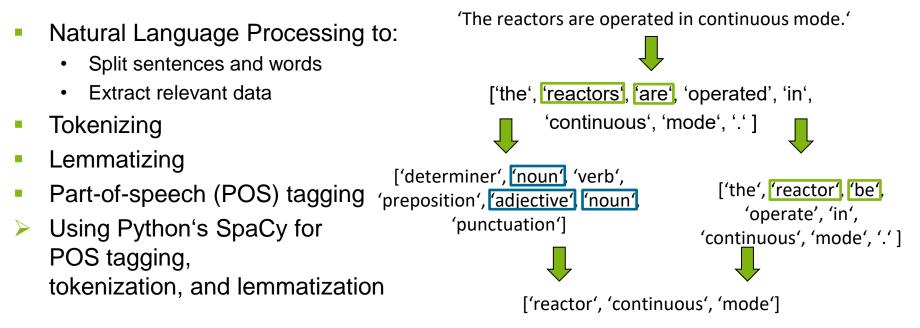
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Preparing Natural Language for Processing







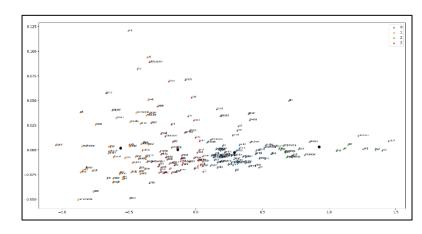




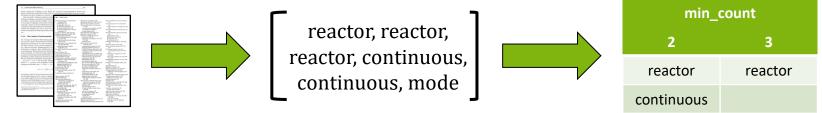
Word2Vec and min_count

- Vectorization of lemmatized tokens
- Training neural network with text
- Vector size of Word2Vec model = 300
- Similarity of words by cosine similarity

$$\cos(\varphi) = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{\left| |\vec{A}| \right| \left| |\vec{B}| \right|}$$



min_count to filter data



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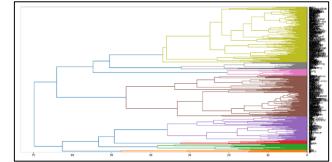




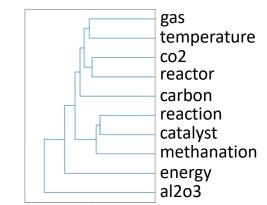


Clustering Methanation of CO₂

- Dataset: 28 papers on methanation of CO₂
- Found 535 different words that occurred more than 10 x (nouns only) in dataset (min_count = 10)
- Clustering approach not that helpful
 - Only two concepts at a time combined as siblings
 - Semantic similarity detected by Word2Vec useful only to extend







Dendrogram for a min_count of 500 (word has \geq 500 repetitions in dataset)



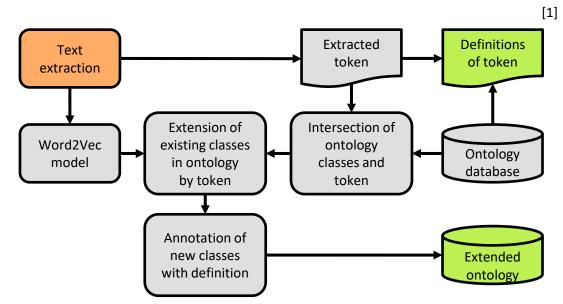
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Workflow for NLP-based Ontology Extension

- Including textual information into ontologies
- Textual definitions along with tokens to determine of best fitting definitions & ontologies
- Automatically extend ontologies based on text resources



[1] A. S. Behr, M. Völkenrath, N. Kockmann. Ontology Extension with NLP-based Concept Extraction for Domain Experts in Catalytic Sciences, Knowledge and Information Systems, 2023, DOI: 10.1007/s10115-023-01919-1 GitHub: github.com/TUDoAD/NLP-Based-Ontology-Extender

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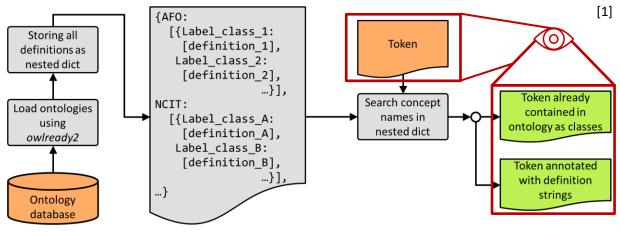






Annotation of Extracted Token Based on Ontologies

- Extracting textual definitions and classes from existing ontologies
- Compare to set of tokens extracted from text data (PDFs,...)
- Number of tokens per ontology already contained in respective ontologies
- Annotation of tokens with definition strings



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Results of Annotation

- min_count = number of minimal occurrence of same tokens in dataset
- Rate of annotated tokens rises with higher min_count

min_count = 10 and AFO (Allotrope[®] Foundation Ontology) best pick for next experiments?

100 90 80 70 60 40 40 40 90 40 10 20 0 10 20 30	40	50	60	70	80	90	[1 100
	min_count [-]						_
		_		count			_
	1	5	10	25	50	100	_
AFO	218	130	97	62	42	27	
BAO	100	56	37	25	15	9	
CHEBI	107	42	27	23	16	5	
CHMO	57	30	21	9	7	3	
SBO	37	29	24	21	19	10	
IUPAC-Goldbook	365	194	145	94	60	37	
NCIT	935	440	300	172	103	54	
Sum of annotated token	1178	537	364	211	125	65	-
Overall amount of token	4170	861	525	276	153	74	
Rate of annotated token (in $\%$)	28.25	62.37	69.33	76.45	81.70	87.84	_

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Extraction for Domain Experts in Catalytic Sciences, Knowledge and Information Systems, 2023, DOI: 10.1007/s10115-023-01919-1 GitHub: github.com/TUDoAD/NLP-Based-Ontology-Extender

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Annotation of Tokens		Token	AFO	SBO	IUPAC Goldbook	
•	Annotation of tokens with definition strings	Catalyst	-	Substance that accelerates the velocity of a chemical reaction without itself being consumed or	A substance included in the solvent to increase the rate of transfer without affecting the position of equilibrium.	
÷	min_count = 10					
	Ontology /					

Ontology / Dict. Matches	AFO	BAO	СНЕВІ	СНМО	SBO	IUPAC- Goldbook	NCIT	Total	Total	ne
#	97	37	27	21	24	145	300	364	535	
%	18.48	7.05	5.14	4.00	4.57	27.62	57.14	69.33	100.00	

Automated annotation of tokens found by workflow with definition strings from other semantic artifacts!

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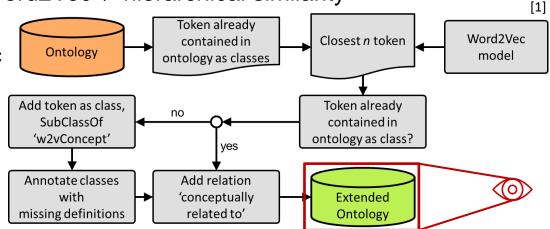






Extension of Existing Ontologies

- Extend AFO by classes suggested by Word2Vec
- Words deemed as close by Word2Vec ≠ hierarchical similarity
- Use token already contained in AFO as seed for Word2Vec
- Include new concepts and relations based on Word2Vec output



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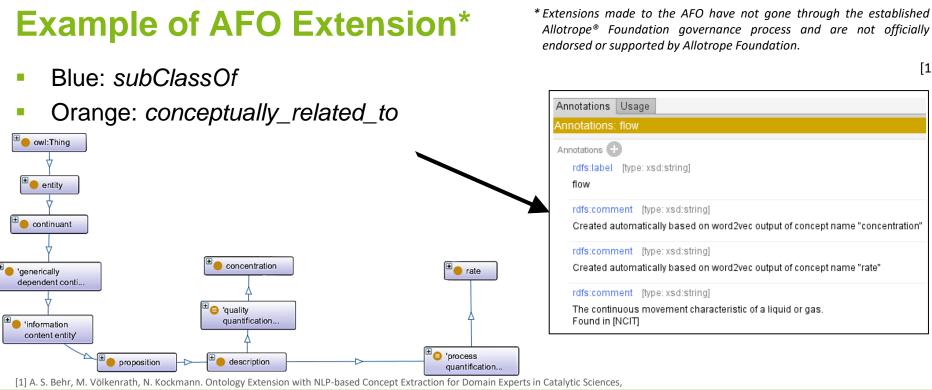
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[1]



Knowledge and Information Systems, 2023, DOI: 10.1007/s10115-023-01919-1 GitHub: github.com/TUDoAD/NLP-Based-Ontology-Extender

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Metadata Extraction from Literature with NLP

- CatalysisIE for SPARQL queries and DOI, title automated knowledge retrieval. information extraction text-extraction graph extension Categorization of extracted entities in six categories: text mining: ontology extension preprocessing relevant entities. with classes. of entities catalyst reactant chemical compounds instances, datatypes • AFO, ontologies reaction product ChEBI. specified in CHMO, configurations characterization treatment ontology . . . collection
- Structuring of data in knowledge graphs on ontologies

[1] A. S. Behr, D. Chernenko, D. Koßmann, A. Neyyathala, S. Hanf, S. A. Schunk, N. Kockmann. Generating knowledge graphs through AI-assisted text mining of

catalysis research related literature, Catalysis Science & Technology, 2024, in review, submitted 2024-03-19

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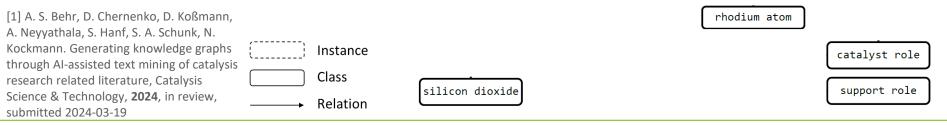
publication

publication1

technische universität dortmund



- Structured information on publications in knowledge graph
- Individuals to publication also contain more information, e.g. DOIs



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chemical

substance





[1]





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Extracted and Inferred Relations

the phenylpropionyl		Annotations: 0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supported on Al2O3	2 11 8 - 6
t olefin t	'carbon monoxide' * publication	Annotations (+) rdfs:label 0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supported on Al2O3	@80
tit ∳ ethylene tit ∳ styrene tit ∲ hydroformylatio	tobalt atom	rdfs.comment 0.5%Co-0.5%Rh on Al2O3	@ & O
n publication18		rdfs:comment created automatically	@80
* ryungen taam * rhodium atom * propanal * zeolite * catalyst role' * dealuminated BEA * catalyst role' * interallic catalyst role' * bimetallic catalyst role'	 ^a Rh-containing bimetallic cata ^b Rh-based bimetallic cata ^c RhCo bimetallic catalyst 	Description: 0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supported (? II = I Types + Chemical substance' Chemical substance' (CHEBI:59999) C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Property assertions: 0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supp(1) = 0 Object property assertions "mentioned in' publication4 ? @ X 0 "has role' 'catalyst role' ? @ X 0 "has catalytic component' rhodium atom' ? @ "has catalytic component' 'cobalt atom' ? @ "has support component' 'aluminium oxide' "bearer of 'catalyst role' ? @
 [1] A. S. Behr, D. Chernenko, D. Koßmann, A. Neyyathala, S. Hanf, S. A. Schunk, N. Kockmann. Generating knowledge graphs through Al-assisted text mining of catalysis research related literature, Catalysis Science & Technology, 2024, in review, submitted 2024-03-19 	has subclass has individual mentioned in has participant has role catalytic component of		overlaps '0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supported on ? @ Al2O3' 'mereotopologically related to' '0.5%Co-0.5%Rh supported on Al2O3'

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Further Information Stored within Publication Individuals



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Querying Knowledge

- Jupyter notebooks for predefined SPARQL queries
- 1. Show me the abstract of a specific publication
- 2. I need all publications that mention the same reactions as in this specific publication
- 3. Give me the list DOIs of publications, that mention the specific reaction

In [4]: 1 doi_1=r'10.1021/acscatal.1c04359'
2 abstract=get_abstr(doi_1)

1

3

2.

Abstract: The reaction mechanisms of heterogeneous hydro- formylation of ethylene and propylene were compared at 413-453 K usin g Rhco3/MCM-41 as catalysts. The reaction rates of propylene for both hydroformylation and the undesired side reaction of hydro genation were found to be about one order of magnitude lower than those for ethylene in flow reactor studies. The difference in the kinetic behavior between ethylene and propylene was investigated by measuring the reaction orders and apparent activation en ergies, and these macrokinetic observables were analyzed using the degree of rate control (DRC) method. In situ diffuse reflectan ce infrared Fourier transform spectroscopy (DRIFTS) experiments were performed to characterize the surface intermediates formed during the reaction. When the reactant was changed from ethylene to propylene, the IR peak corresponding to adsorbed CO exhibit ted a significant increase, while the IR peaks of the alkyl group decreased in magnitude. Combined with the DRIFTS results, DRC analysis indicates that the first step of olefin hydroformylation, the formation of an alkyl group on the catalyst surface, plays a key role in the difference between ethylene and propylene. This step is kinetically nonrelevant when ethylene is the reactant, but it is one of the rate-controlling steps for propylene. The low concentration of the adsorbed propyl group, which is a commo n intermediate shared by both hydroformylation, ethylene, propylene, kinetics, degree of rates of both reaction pathways as compared to ethylene. KEYWORDS: hydroformylation, ethylene, kinetics, degree of rate control

In [5]: 1 list_reac_doi,_ = get_reaction(reac=None,doi=doi,include_all=False) #doi=None (if from all publications)
2 reac_all = [*set([i[0].lower() for i in list_reac_doi])]
3 print(reac_all)
['heterogeneous hydroformylation', 'hydroformylation', 'hydrogenation']

1 list_reac_doi,_ = get_reaction(reac = None, doi = doi) #get list of all reactions mentioned in given doi (doi should be part In [6]: 2 same reac doi = [] 3 for i in list reac doi: reac doi, = get reaction(reac = i[0], doi = None) for c in reac doi: if c not in same reac doi and c[0] != doi: same reac doi.append(c) #output example: [['10.1016/0304-5102(93)87113-m'],['10.1016/1381-1169(96)00243-9'] print(list reac doi) print(same reac doi) [['hydroformylation'], ['hydrogenation'], ['heterogeneous hydroformylation']] [['10.1021/acscatal.1c02014.s001'], ['10.1021/acscatal.0c04684.s001'], ['10.1021/acscatal.1c00705.s002'], ['10.1021/acscatal.7b 00499.s001'], ['10.1021/acscatal.9b02111.s001'], ['10.1021/jacs.1c09665.s001'], ['10.1016/j.apcata.2018.02.019'], ['10.1021/jac s.2c11075.s001'], ['10.1016/0304-5102(93)87113-m'], ['10.1016/1381-1169(96)00243-9'], ['10.1016/s0920-5861(00)00261-3'], ['10.1 016/j.apcata.2013.10.019'], ['10.1016/s1381-1169(97)00035-6'], ['10.1021/acs.iecr.0c03437.s001'], ['10.1021/acs.iecr.9b03598.s0 01'], ['10.1021/acsami.0c21749.s001']]

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Results – NLP-based Knowledge Extraction

- Tool for information extraction from publications of catalysts developed
 - Tested on two datasets (DS1: 19 publications, DS2: 26 publications)
 - New instances of "chemical substance": DS1: 53, DS2; 55
- Automated generation of catalysis knowledge graph based on AFO
- Automated search for similar publications found
 731 publications similar to DS1

Metric	Initial ontology	Extended ontology Dataset 1	Extended ontology Dataset 2
classes	3116	3447	3338
instances	47	203	178
logical axioms	5755	6936	6596
SubClassOf	4823	5372	5174
Equivalent Classes	178	188	185

[1] A. S. Behr, D. Chernenko, D. Koßmann, A. Neyyathala, S. Hanf, S. A. Schunk, N. Kockmann. Generating knowledge graphs through AI-assisted text mining of catalysis research related literature, Catalysis Science & Technology, **2024**, in review, submitted 2024-03-19

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A. S. Behr, N. Kockmann | online (Ludwigshafen)



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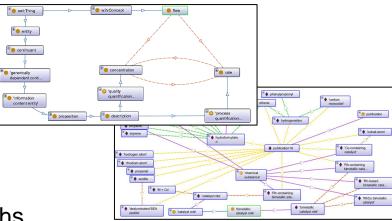


Summary and Outlook

- Automated extension of AFO based on scientific literature on catalysis research
 - Extraction of concepts from text data base
 - Annotation of classes
 - Generation of AFO-based knowledge graphs
 - Governance process not integrated
- Further extension of workflow possible with chemdataextractor, e.g. for TOF:

doc = Document(





```
output:
[{'TurnOverFrequency': {
    'raw_value': '2511',
    'raw_units': 'h-1',
    'value': [2511.0],
    'units': 'Hour^(-1.0)',
    'specifier': 'TOF',
    'compound': {'Compound': {'names':
        ['0.6Rh/SiO2']}}}]
```



20









